

I - Question de cours

- a) Un référentiel galiléen est en translation rectiligne et uniforme par rapport à un autre référentiel galiléen.

On peut citer = le réf de Copernic ou de Kepler (centre = cdm syst. solaire ou cdm Terre et 3 axes définis par 3 étoiles "équivées"), le réf géocentrique (centre de la Terre et 3 déf. par 3 étoiles) ou réf terrestre (pt de la surface terrestre + vert. axe, nord, est) suivant les conditions de manipulations (durée de l'exp > duré période révolution Terre ...)

b) $\vec{v}_e(M, R'/R) = \vec{v}^o(O'E'R') + \vec{\omega}(R'/R) \times \vec{r}_M$ et O' origine de R'

$$\vec{a}_e(M, R'/R) = \vec{a}^o(O'E'R') + \left[\frac{d\vec{\omega}(E|R)}{dt} \right]_R \times \vec{r}_M + \vec{\omega}(R'/R) \times [\vec{\omega}(R'/R) \times \vec{r}_M]$$

$$\vec{a}_c(M, R'/R) = 2\vec{\omega}(R'/R) \times \vec{v}(M|R')$$

c) LCV = $\vec{v}(M|R) = \vec{v}(M|R') + \vec{v}_e(M, R'/R)$

LCA = $\vec{a}(M|R) = \vec{a}(M|R') + \vec{a}_e(M, R'/R) + \vec{a}_c(M, R'/R)$

II - RFD

a) HA = $a \sin \omega t$

b) HA = $l \sin \omega t$ et HM = $l \cos \omega t = l \sqrt{1 - \sin^2 \omega t} = \sqrt{l^2 - HA^2} = \sqrt{l^2 - a^2 \sin^2 \omega t}$

c) $x = OM = OH + HM = a \cos \omega t + \sqrt{l^2 - a^2 \sin^2 \omega t}$

d) $\sum \vec{F}_{ext}(M|R) = \vec{P} + \vec{R} + \vec{F} = \vec{P} + \vec{R}_{ey} + (F_x \vec{e}_x + F_y \vec{e}_y) = m \vec{a}(M|R) = m \vec{a}$
 || \vec{e}_y caisse flottante

e) Donc, par projection sur $\vec{e}_x = F_x = m \ddot{x}$

$$\frac{dx}{dt} = -aw \sin \omega t + \frac{-a^2 \omega \sin \omega t \cos \omega t}{\sqrt{l^2 - a^2 \sin^2 \omega t}}$$

$$\frac{d^2x}{dt^2} = -aw^2 \cos \omega t - a^2 \omega \left[\frac{w(\cos^2 \omega t - \sin^2 \omega t)}{\sqrt{l^2 - a^2 \sin^2 \omega t}} + \frac{\sin \omega t \cos \omega t (-\frac{1}{2})(-2a^2 \omega \sin \omega t \cos \omega t)}{(l^2 - a^2 \sin^2 \omega t)^{3/2}} \right]$$

$$= -aw^2 \cos \omega t - a^2 \omega \left[\frac{\cos 2\omega t}{\sqrt{l^2 - a^2 \sin^2 \omega t}} + \frac{a^2 \sin^2 \omega t \cos^2 \omega t}{(l^2 - a^2 \sin^2 \omega t)^{3/2}} \right]$$

$$\Rightarrow F_x = m \ddot{x} = -m a \omega^2 \left[\cos \omega t + \frac{a \cos 2\omega t (l^2 - a^2 \sin^2 \omega t) + a^3 \sin^2 \omega t \cos^2 \omega t}{(l^2 - a^2 \sin^2 \omega t)^{3/2}} \right]$$

$$= -m a \omega^2 \left[\cos \omega t + \frac{a l^2 \cos 2\omega t + a^3 \sin^4 \omega t}{(l^2 - a^2 \sin^2 \omega t)^{3/2}} \right]$$

f) $a \ll l \Rightarrow a^2 \sin^2 \omega t \ll l^2 \Rightarrow F_x \approx -m a \omega^2 \left[\cos \omega t + a \left(\frac{l^2 \cos 2\omega t + a^2 \sin^4 \omega t}{l^3} \right) \right]$
 $\Rightarrow F_x \approx -m a \omega^2 \left(\cos \omega t + \frac{a \cos 2\omega t}{l} \right) \approx -m a \omega^2 \cos \omega t$

g) $F_x = m \ddot{x} = -m a \omega^2 \cos \omega t \Rightarrow \ddot{x} = -a \omega^2 \cos \omega t \Rightarrow x(t) = a \cos \omega t + cte$

$A \in [OM] \Rightarrow A, O$ et M sont alignés $\Rightarrow x(0) = a + l \Rightarrow cte = l$

Alors, $x(t) = l + a \cos \omega t$.

III - Interaction newtonienne

a) $\vec{\Sigma F}(S/R) = m \vec{a}(M/R) \Leftrightarrow \vec{F}_{\text{int}} = -\frac{GmM}{R^2} \vec{e}_r = -mg_0 \vec{e}_r$

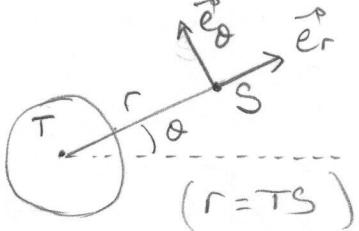
$$\Rightarrow g_0 = \frac{GM}{R^2}$$

b) $\left[\frac{d\vec{L}_T(S/R)}{dt} \right]_R = \vec{m}_T (\vec{F}_{\text{int}}) = \vec{T} \times \vec{F}_{\text{int}} = \vec{0}$

$$\Rightarrow \vec{L}_T(S/R) = \vec{cte} = m \vec{T} \times \vec{v}(S/R)$$

$$\vec{L}_T = \vec{cte} = m r \vec{e}_r \times (r \dot{\theta} \vec{e}_\theta + r \dot{\phi} \vec{e}_\phi) = m r^2 \dot{\theta} \vec{e}_\phi = C = \frac{\|\vec{L}_T\|}{m} = r^2 \dot{\theta}$$

$\vec{L}_T = \vec{cte} \Rightarrow \vec{r} \text{ et } \vec{v} \in \text{tjs à un m plan} \Rightarrow \text{mt plan, da le plan } \ni T$



c) $\frac{du}{d\theta} = \frac{d(\frac{1}{r})}{d\theta} = -\frac{1}{r^2} \frac{dr}{d\theta} \Rightarrow \frac{dr}{dt} = \frac{dr}{d\theta} \dot{\theta} = -r^2 \frac{du}{d\theta} \dot{\theta} = -C \frac{du}{d\theta}$

$$E_c = \frac{1}{2}mv^2 = \frac{1}{2}m(r^2 + r^2\dot{\theta}^2) = \frac{1}{2}m \left[C^2 \left(\frac{du}{d\theta} \right)^2 + \frac{C^2}{r^2} \right] = \frac{mc^2}{2} \left[\left(\frac{du}{d\theta} \right)^2 + \frac{1}{r^2} \right]$$

d) $E_m = E_p + E_c \text{ et } \vec{F}_{\text{int}} = -\vec{\text{grad}} E_p = -\frac{GmM}{r^2} \vec{e}_r \Rightarrow E_p = -\frac{GmM}{r}$

D'auc $E_m = -GmMu + \frac{mc^2}{2} \left[\left(\frac{du}{d\theta} \right)^2 + u^2 \right] = -mg_0 R^2 u + \frac{mc^2}{2} \left[\left(\frac{du}{d\theta} \right)^2 + u^2 \right]$

e) $\overline{\text{TPM}} = \frac{dE_m}{dt} = \vec{P} \cdot \vec{F}_{\text{gravitationnel}} = 0 \text{ (seule force = } \vec{F}_{\text{int}} \text{ qui est conservative).}$

Or, $\frac{dE_m}{dt} = \frac{dE_m}{d\theta} \dot{\theta} \Rightarrow \frac{dE_m}{d\theta} = 0 = -mg_0 R^2 \frac{du}{d\theta} + \frac{mc^2}{2} \left[2 \frac{du}{d\theta} \frac{du}{d\theta} + 2u \frac{du}{d\theta} \right]$

$$\Rightarrow g_0 R^2 = c^2 \left[\frac{d^2 u}{d\theta^2} + u \right] \Leftrightarrow \frac{d^2 u}{d\theta^2} + u = \frac{g_0 R^2}{c^2}$$

D'auc $du = A \cos \theta + \frac{g_0 R^2}{c^2} = \frac{g_0 R^2}{c^2} \left[1 + \frac{AC^2}{g_0 R^2} \cos \theta \right] = \frac{1}{r}$

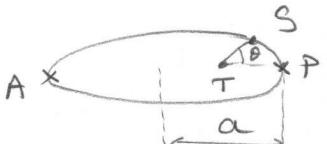
$$\Rightarrow r = \frac{p}{1+e \cos \theta} \text{ avec } p = \frac{c^2}{g_0 R^2} \text{ et } e = \frac{AC^2}{g_0 R^2}$$

f) $r_p = R + 3a_p = r(\theta=0) = \frac{p}{1+e}$

g) $r_A = R + 3a_A = r(\theta=\pi) = \frac{p}{1-e}$

h) $1+e = \frac{p}{r_p} \quad \left\{ \begin{array}{l} \frac{p}{r_p} + \frac{p}{r_A} = 2 \\ 1 - \frac{p}{r_A} = e \end{array} \right. \Rightarrow \left\{ \begin{array}{l} p = \frac{2r_A r_p}{r_A + r_p} = 9,13 \cdot 10^3 \text{ km} \\ e = 1 - \frac{2r_p}{r_A + r_p} = \frac{r_A - r_p}{r_A + r_p} = 0,242 \end{array} \right.$

$$a = \frac{1}{2}(r_A + r_p) = 9,70 \cdot 10^3 \text{ km.}$$



i) $\frac{d\theta}{dt} = \frac{1}{2}C = \frac{\pi ab}{T} \Rightarrow T = \frac{2\pi ab}{C}$

$$\Rightarrow T^2 = 4\pi^2 \frac{a^2 b^2}{C^2} = 4\pi^2 \frac{a^2 b^2}{g_0 R^2 p} = \frac{4\pi^2 a^3}{g_0 R^2} \Rightarrow T = \frac{2\pi}{R} \sqrt{\frac{a^3}{g_0}} = 9470 \text{ s} = 2h38 \text{ min}$$